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# Smooth projective surfaces with pseudo-effective tangent bundles

joint work with Yongnam Lee and Guolei Zhong

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# **Positivity of Vector Bundles**

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We work over the field  ${\ensuremath{\mathbb C}}$  of complex numbers.



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## Definition

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Let X be a smooth projective variety.

Given a vector bundle  $\mathcal{E}$  on X, denote by  $\mathbb{P}(\mathcal{E}) := \mathbb{P}(Sym^{\bullet}\mathcal{E})$  the Grothendieck projectivization of  $\mathcal{E}$ with  $\mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}(\mathcal{E})}(1)$  the relative hyperplane section bundle.



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#### Definition

The vector bundle  $\mathcal{E}$  on X is ample (resp. nef, big, pseudo-effective) if  $\mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}(\mathcal{E})}(1)$  is ample (resp. nef, big, pseudo-effective) on  $\mathbb{P}(\mathcal{E})$ .

#### Remark

Let  $\pi \colon \mathbb{P}(\mathcal{E}) \to X$  be the projection. Then  $\pi_* \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}(\mathcal{E})}(m) = \operatorname{Sym}^m \mathcal{E}$  for all  $m \ge 0$ .

Ample and Big

#### Theorem (Hartshorne's Conjecture, Mori, 1979)

Let X be a smooth projective variety and let  $\mathcal{T}_X$  be its tangent bundle. Then  $\mathcal{T}_X$  is ample if and only if  $X \simeq \mathbb{P}^n$ .



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## Theorem (Mallory, 2021 and Miyaoka, 1987)

Let X be a smooth projective variety. If  $\mathcal{T}_X$  is big then X is uniruled.



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## Conjecture (Campana-Peternell, 1991)

Any Fano manifold whose tangent bundle is nef is rational homogeneous.

## Theorem (Demailly-Peternell-Schneider, 1994)

Any compact Kähler manifold with nef tangent bundle admits a finite étale cover with smooth Albanese map whose fibres are Fano manifolds with nef tangent bundle.

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**Pseudo-effective (and Big)** 

## Theorem (Höring-Liu-Shao, 2022)

Let X be a smooth del Pezzo surface of degree  $d \coloneqq K_X^2$ . Then the following holds.



Pseudo-effective (and Big)

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Let X be a smooth del Pezzo surface of degree  $d := K_X^2$ . Then the following holds.  $\mathcal{T}_X$  is pseudo-effective if and only if d > 4.



Pseudo-effective (and Big)

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- ▶  $\mathcal{T}_X$  is pseudo-effective if and only if  $d \ge 4$ .
- $\triangleright$   $\mathcal{T}_X$  is big if and only if  $d \ge 5$ .

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- ▶  $\mathcal{T}_X$  is pseudo-effective if and only if  $d \ge 4$ .
- $\mathcal{T}_X$  is big if and only if  $d \geq 5$ .

Moreover  $\mathcal{T}_X$  is pseudo-effective if and only if  $H^0(X, \operatorname{Sym}^m \mathcal{T}_X) \neq 0$  for some  $m \in \mathbb{N}$ .

## Conjecture

Let X be a smooth projective variety.

Recall the augmented irregularity  $q^{\circ}(X)$  of X is defined to be the supremum of

 $q(X') \coloneqq h^1(X', \mathcal{O}_{X'})$ 

where  $X' \to X$  runs over all the finite étale covers of X (Nakayama-Zhang, 2009).

#### Question

Let X be a non-uniruled smooth projective variety of dimension n. Are the following assertions equivalent?

- **1** The tangent bundle  $T_X$  is pseudo-effective;
- 2 The top Chern class  $c_n(X)$  vanishes, and the augmented irregularity  $q^{\circ}(X)$  does not vanish.



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## Criterion of pseudo-effectivity

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## Lemma (Höring-Liu-Shao, 2022 and Druel, 2018)

Let X be a projective variety,  $\mathcal{E}$  a vector bundle on X, and H a big  $\mathbb{Q}$ -Cartier  $\mathbb{Q}$ -divisor on X. Then  $\mathcal{E}$  is pseudo-effective if and only if for all c > 0 there exist sufficiently divisible integers  $i, j \in \mathbb{N}$  such that i > cj and

 $H^0(X, \operatorname{Sym}^i \mathcal{E} \otimes \mathcal{O}_X(jH)) \neq 0.$ 

Note that  $H^0(\mathbb{P}_X(\mathcal{E}), \mathcal{O}(i\xi + j\pi^*H)) = H^0(X, \operatorname{Sym}^i \mathcal{E} \otimes \mathcal{O}_X(jH)).$ 

#### Corollary

Let  $\mathcal{E} \subseteq \mathcal{F}$  be an injection between two vector bundles over a projective variety X. If  $\mathcal{E}$  is pseudo-effective, then so is  $\mathcal{F}$ .

#### Remark

The quotient bundle of a pseudo-effective vector bundle may not be pseudo-effective.

## Corollary (Höring-Liu-Shao, 2022)

Let  $\pi: X' \to X$  be a birational morphism between smooth projective varieties. If the tangent bundle  $\mathcal{T}_{X'}$  is pseudo-effective, then so is  $\mathcal{T}_X$ .

## Sketch of Proof.

Let  $Z \subset X$  be the image of the exceptional locus. For every  $i \in \mathbb{N}$ ,  $\pi_*(\operatorname{Sym}^i \mathcal{T}_{X'})$  is torsion-free and  $\operatorname{Sym}^i \mathcal{T}_X$  is reflexive. Since  $\pi_*(\operatorname{Sym}^i \mathcal{T}_{X'}) = \operatorname{Sym}^i \mathcal{T}_X$  on  $X \setminus Z$  and  $\operatorname{codim}_X Z \ge 2$ , there is an injection

$$\pi_*(\operatorname{Sym}^i \mathcal{T}_{X'}) \hookrightarrow \operatorname{Sym}^i \mathcal{T}_X.$$



## Theorem (Höring-Peternell, 2019)

Let X be a normal projective variety with at most klt singularities such that  $K_X \equiv 0$ . Suppose that X is smooth in codimension two. If the reflexive cotangent sheaf  $\Omega_X^{[1]}$  or the tangent sheaf  $\mathcal{T}_X$  is pseudo-effective, then  $q^{\circ}(X) \neq 0$ .

## Corollary (Höring-Peternell, 2019 and Nakayama, 2004 and ...)

If X is a (singular) Calabi–Yau or irreducible symplectic variety that is smooth in codimension two, then  $\Omega_X^{[1]}$  and  $\mathcal{T}_X$  are not pseudo-effective.



## **Foliation**

## Proposition (Höring-Peternell, 2021)

Let X be a projective manifold such that  $\mathcal{T}_X$  is pseudo-effective. If X is not uniruled, there exists exists a decomposition

 $\mathcal{T}_X \simeq \mathcal{F} \oplus \mathcal{G},$ 

where  $\mathcal{F} \neq 0$  and  $\mathcal{G}$  are integrable subbundles such that  $c_1(\mathcal{F}) = 0$ .

#### Corollary

The X above is NOT of general type.



## **Our Result**

#### Main Theorem

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- **2** S is minimal and the second Chern class vanishes, i.e.,  $c_2(S) = 0$ .



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Moreover, if one of the above equivalent conditions holds, then

▶ the Kodaira dimension  $\kappa(\mathbb{P}(\mathcal{T}_S), \mathcal{O}(1)) = 1 - \kappa(S) \in \{0, 1\}$ , and



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Moreover, if one of the above equivalent conditions holds, then

- ▶ the Kodaira dimension  $\kappa(\mathbb{P}(\mathcal{T}_S), \mathcal{O}(1)) = 1 \kappa(S) \in \{0, 1\}$ , and
- ▶ there is a finite étale cover  $S' \to S$  such that S' is either an abelian surface or a product  $E \times F$  where E is an elliptic curve and F is smooth of genus  $\geq 2$ .



## **Counter-example: Higher Dimension**

minimality

#### Example

Let S be a non-minimal smooth projective surface S which contains some (-1)-curve. Let  $X \coloneqq E \times S$  where E is an elliptic curve and  $p: X \to E$  the projection.

Considering the natural injection

$$0 \longrightarrow p^* \mathcal{O}_E \longrightarrow \mathcal{T}_X,$$

then  $\mathcal{T}_X$  is pseudo-effective. However,  $K_X$  is not nef.





1 Positivity of Vector Bundles

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Let X be a projective variety of dimension n, H a nef and big divisor on X, and  $\mathcal{F}$  a torsion free coherent sheaf on X.

#### Definition

The slope of  $\mathcal{F}$  with respect to H is defined to be the rational number

$$\mu_H(\mathcal{F}) \coloneqq \frac{c_1(\mathcal{F}) \cdot H^{n-1}}{\operatorname{rank}(\mathcal{F})}$$

where  $c_1$  is the first Chern class.

#### Definition

A torsion-free coherent sheaf  $\mathcal{E}$  is said to be  $\mu$ -semi-stable if for any non-zero subsheaf  $\mathcal{F} \subseteq \mathcal{E}$ , the slopes satisfy the inequality  $\mu_H(\mathcal{F}) \leq \mu_H(\mathcal{E})$ .

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## **Positivity and Stability**

## Theorem (Kim, 2022)

Let C be a smooth projective curve and  $\mathcal{E}$  a vector bundle on C. Then the projective bundle  $X = \mathbb{P}_C(\mathcal{E})$  has big tangent bundle  $\mathcal{T}_X$  if and only if  $\mathcal{E}$  is unstable or  $C = \mathbb{P}^1$ .



## **Projective Bundles**

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## Proposition

The tangent bundle  $\mathcal{T}_X$  of any projective bundle  $f: X = \mathbb{P}_C(\mathcal{E}) \to C$  over a smooth curve C is pseudo-effective.

In particular,  $\mathcal{T}_X$  is pseudo-effective but non-big iff  $\mathcal{E}$  is semi-stable and  $C \not\simeq \mathbb{P}^1$ .

## Proof.

NTS:  $\mathcal{E}$  being semi-stable implies  $\mathcal{T}_X$  is pseudo-effective. Since the determinant  $\det(\mathcal{E}^{\vee} \otimes \mathcal{E}) \simeq \mathcal{O}_C$ , the semi-stable vector bundle  $\mathcal{E}^{\vee} \otimes \mathcal{E}$  is nef. Consider the following relative Euler sequence

$$0 \longrightarrow \mathcal{O}_X \longrightarrow f^* \mathcal{E}^{\vee} \otimes \mathcal{O}_X(1) \longrightarrow \mathcal{T}_{X/C} \longrightarrow 0,$$

where the relative tangent bundle  $\mathcal{T}_{X/C} \coloneqq \Omega^{\vee}_{X/C}$ . Then the following composite map

$$f^*(\mathcal{E}^{\vee}\otimes\mathcal{E})\longrightarrow f^*\mathcal{E}^{\vee}\otimes\mathcal{O}_X(1)\longrightarrow\mathcal{T}_{X/C}$$

is a surjection, which implies that  $\mathcal{T}_{X/C}$  is nef and hence pseudo-effective.

## Proposition

Let  $f: S = \mathbb{P}_C(\mathcal{E}) \to C$  be a  $\mathbb{P}^1$ -bundle over a smooth non-rational curve C. Suppose the tangent bundle  $\mathcal{T}_S$  is pseudo-effective but not big. Then the blow-up of S along a point p has pseudo-effective tangent bundle if and only if there exist some positive integer m and some line bundle  $\mathcal{L} \equiv \mathcal{T}_{S/C}$ such that  $H^0(S, \mathfrak{m}_p^m \otimes \mathcal{L}^{\otimes m}) \neq 0$ , where  $\mathfrak{m}_p$  is the maximal ideal of the local ring  $\mathcal{O}_{S,p}$ .



# **Non-uniruled Surfaces**

**1** Positivity of Vector Bundles

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 $\kappa = 0$ 

#### Proposition

Let S be a smooth projective surface of  $\kappa(S) = 0$ . If  $\mathcal{T}_S$  is pseudo-effective, then  $K_S$  is nef, i.e., S is minimal.

#### Remark ( $\kappa = 0$ & minimal)

Enriques surface, K3 surface, bi-elliptic surface or abelian surface

#### Lemma

Let S be a smooth minimal projective surface with  $\kappa(S) = 0$ . The tangent bundle  $\mathcal{T}_S$  is pseudo-effective if and only if S is a Q-abelian surface



## $\kappa = 2$ , General Type

Revisit

#### Proposition

Let S be a smooth projective surface of general type. Then  $T_S$  is not pseudo-effective.

By the semi-stability of the tangent bundle  $\mathcal{T}_S$  with respect to the nef and big  $K_S$ , one has  $H^0(S, \operatorname{Sym}^i \mathcal{T}_S \otimes \mathcal{O}_S(jK_S)) = 0$ .

#### Remark

Let X be a normal (Q-factorial) projective variety which is of general type and has at worst klt singularities. The reflexive tangent sheaf  $\mathcal{T}_X := \Omega_X^{\vee}$  is not pseudo-effective [Höring-Peternell, 2020].



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## Example: blow-up of a non-reduced centre

Let  $\mathcal{I} = (x^2, y^2) \subseteq \mathbb{C}[x, y]$  be an ideal and let  $\pi \colon X = \operatorname{Bl}_{\mathcal{I}}(\mathbb{A}^2) \to \mathbb{A}^2$  be the blow-up. Denote by L the line y = x on  $\mathbb{A}^2$ ,  $\widetilde{L}$  its proper transform and E the exceptional divisor. Claim:  $\pi^*L = \widetilde{L} + 1/2E$ .

Let [a:b] be the homogeneous coordinates of  $\mathbb{P}^1$ . Then X is defined by  $y^2a - x^2b = 0$  in  $\mathbb{A}^2 \times \mathbb{P}^1$ .

- $\blacktriangleright \ \widetilde{L}.E = 2;$
- ▶  $E^2 = -4$ , which is the (Samuel) multiplicity of the blown-up point;
- $\blacktriangleright E$  is defined by

$$\begin{cases} y^2a - x^2b = 0, \\ x^2 = 0, \\ y^2 = 0, \end{cases} \quad \text{ or just } \quad \begin{cases} y^2a - x^2b = 0, \\ x^2 = 0, \end{cases} \quad \text{ on the affine chart } a \neq 0. \end{cases}$$





# Thanks for your attention!